

# Administration

- [Background Job Processing](#)

# Background Job Processing

VeloxFactory processes background work — thumbnail generation, nightly purge routines, print task cleanup — through a Redis-backed queue managed by [Laravel Horizon](#). Horizon runs as a single supervised process and manages its own worker pool internally. It replaces the simple `queue:work` approach with dynamic scaling, real-time monitoring, and a built-in dashboard.

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## Prerequisites

Horizon has two hard requirements beyond the base VeloxFactory stack: a running Redis instance and the `php-redis` PHP extension. Neither is optional — Horizon will refuse to start without both.

## Redis

Redis can be installed natively or run as a Docker container. Both work equally well; the choice depends on your infrastructure preferences.

### Native installation:

```
apt                install                redis-server
systemctl          enable                 redis-server
systemctl          start                  redis-server
```

### Docker container:

```
docker            run                -d                \
                                                           --name
                                                           --restart
                                                           -p
redis:alpine
```

The container binds to `127.0.0.1` only — Redis is not exposed to the network, which is the correct default for a single-server deployment.

Whichever method you choose, verify connectivity before proceeding:

```
redis-cli
```

```
ping
```

```
#
```

```
Expected:
```

```
PONG
```

## PHP Redis Extension

VeloxFactory is configured to use `phpredis` as the Redis client. The extension must be installed and active for PHP:

```
apt install php-redis
systemctl restart php8.2-fpm # adjust version to match your PHP installation
```

Confirm the extension is loaded:

```
php -m | grep redis
# Expected: redis
```

## .env Configuration

With Redis running and the extension installed, update your `.env` to activate Redis as the queue driver:

```
QUEUE_CONNECTION=redis

REDIS_CLIENT=phpredis
REDIS_HOST=127.0.0.1
REDIS_PASSWORD=null
REDIS_PORT=6379
```

## Web Server

VeloxFactory requires a web server that routes all requests through Laravel's `public/index.php` entry point. Both Apache2 and nginx are supported. The Horizon dashboard at `/horizon` and the Reverb WebSocket endpoint require no special routing rules — they are handled by Laravel and PHP-FPM like any other request, with one exception: Reverb needs a WebSocket proxy pass.

## Apache2

Enable `mod_rewrite` before configuring the vhost:

```
a2enmod          rewrite          proxy          proxy_http      proxy_wstunnel
systemctl        restart          apache2
```

Virtual host configuration:

```
<VirtualHost *:80>

    <Directory>

        CustomLog      ${APA

</VirtualHost>
```

Laravel's bundled `.htaccess` in `public/` handles the rewrite rules — no additional configuration needed for URL routing.

## nginx

```
server {
```

```
}

}

}

location

}

}
```

**i Adjust the PHP-FPM socket path to match your PHP version.** On systems with multiple PHP versions installed, the socket is typically at `/var/run/php/php8.2-fpm.sock`. Verify with `ls /var/run/php/`.

## Queues

VeloxFactory uses two queues with distinct priorities:

Queue	Jobs	Notes
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<code>high</code>	Thumbnail generation	Dispatched on-demand when a report is rendered. Processed with highest priority — workers on this queue are never blocked by maintenance routines.
<code>default</code>	Nightly purge jobs	Scheduled automatically at midnight. Cleans up expired Report History Records, orphaned files, and completed Print Tasks according to the configured retention policies.

**i The two queues run in separate worker pools.** A long-running purge job on the `default` queue cannot delay thumbnail generation on the `high` queue — they never compete for the same worker.

## Horizon Supervisors

Horizon manages workers through internal supervisors — process groups, each responsible for one queue. The system-level Supervisor (Supervisord) only ever manages the single Horizon master process; Horizon itself handles everything below that.

Supervisor	Queue	Balancing	Notes
<code>supervisor-rendering</code>	<code>high</code>	Auto	Scales worker processes dynamically based on queue depth — up to 10 in production. Job timeout: 120 seconds.
<code>supervisor-default</code>	<code>default</code>	Simple	Fixed worker count. Runs with lower CPU priority ( <code>nice 10</code> ) — purge jobs are maintenance work and should not compete with rendering for system resources. Job timeout: 300 seconds.

## System Supervisor Configuration

Supervisord keeps the Horizon master process alive and restarts it automatically on failure. The following blocks replace the previous `queue:work`-based configuration entirely.

```
; Horizon - manages all VeloxFactory queue workers internally
[program:veloxfactory-horizon]
directory=/var/www/veloxfactory
command=/usr/bin/php artisan horizon
user=www-data
process_name=%(program_name)s
numprocs=1
autostart=true
autorestart=true
startretries=10
stopasgroup=true
killasgroup=true
stopsignal=TERM
startsecs=3
stopwaitsecs=600
redirect_stderr=true
stdout_logfile=/var/log/supervisor/veloxfactory-horizon.log
environment=HOME="/home/www-data",PATH="/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin"

; Reverb - WebSocket server for real-time events
[program:veloxfactory-reverb]
directory=/var/www/veloxfactory
command=/usr/bin/php artisan reverb:start
user=www-data
autostart=true
autorestart=true
startretries=10
stopasgroup=true
killasgroup=true
stopsignal=INT
startsecs=3
stopwaitsecs=60
redirect_stderr=true
stdout_logfile=/var/log/supervisor/veloxfactory-reverb.log
environment=HOME="/home/www-data",PATH="/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin"

; Scheduler - runs Laravel's task schedule every minute
```

```
[program:veloxfactory-schedule]
directory=/var/www/veloxfactory
command=/usr/bin/php                                artisan                                schedule:work
user=www-data
autostart=true
autorestart=true
startretries=10
stopasgroup=true
killasgroup=true
stopsignal=INT
startsecs=3
stopwaitsecs=60
redirect_stderr=true
stdout_logfile=/var/log/supervisor/veloxfactory-schedule.log
environment=HOME="/home/www-data",PATH="/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin"
```

**i** `stopsignal=TERM` is required for Horizon. SIGTERM triggers a graceful shutdown — Horizon finishes any in-flight jobs before stopping its workers. Using SIGKILL or SIGINT instead will interrupt running jobs mid-execution and may leave Report History Records in an incomplete state.

After updating the configuration:

```
supervisorctl                                reread
supervisorctl                                update
supervisorctl                                status
```

## The Dashboard

The Horizon dashboard is available at `/horizon`. It is restricted to users with the `global:admin` permission — the same permission required to manage users and system-wide settings.

The dashboard provides a real-time view of the entire queue system: pending and completed jobs, throughput metrics, worker counts per supervisor, and a full log of failed jobs with their stack traces. Failed jobs can be retried directly from the dashboard without any CLI access.

# Graceful Shutdown & Deployments

When Horizon is stopped — for deployments, configuration changes, or server maintenance — it finishes any jobs currently in flight before exiting. The Supervisor configuration allows up to 600 seconds for this drain, which comfortably covers the longest expected job timeouts.

```
# Stop Horizon gracefully (in-flight jobs will finish first)
supervisorctl stop veloxfactory-horizon

# Restart after a deployment
supervisorctl restart veloxfactory-horizon
```

Never force-kill the Horizon process during a deployment. Always use `supervisorctl stop` or `supervisorctl restart` — both send SIGTERM and wait for the drain period.